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**COURT NO. 2
ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL
PRINCIPAL BENCH, NEW DELHI**

1.

OA 3150/2025 with MA 4642/2025

IC-56949M Brig Vishal Ranjan, SM Applicant
Versus
Union of India & Ors. Respondents

For Applicant : Mr. Sukhbir Singh, Advocate
For Respondents : Mr. Arvind Kumar, Advocate

CORAM

HON'BLE JUSTICE ANU MALHOTRA, MEMBER(J)
HON'BLE REAR ADMIRAL DHIREN WIG, MEMBER (A)

V ✓ DL
ORDER

16.10.2025
16 ✓

MA 4642/2025

This is an application filed under Section 22(2) of the Armed Forces Tribunal Act, 2007 seeking condonation of delay of 392 days in filing the present OA. In view of the judgments of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the matter of *UoI & Ors Vs*

Tarsem Singh 2009(1)AISLJ 371 and in *Ex Sep Chain Singh Vs Union of India & Ors* (Civil Appeal No. 30073/2017 and the reasons mentioned, the MA 4642/2025 is allowed and the delay of 392 days in filing the OA 3150/2025 is thus condoned. The MA is disposed of accordingly.

OA 3150/2025

The applicant IC-56949M Brig Vishal Ranjan, SM vide the present OA filed under Section 14 of the Armed Forces Tribunal Act, 2007 makes the following prayers:

- (a) *“Quash and set aside impugned letter No. LW/08/56/187693L dated 22.08.2024. And*
- (b) *Review the pay fixed of the applicant on his promotion to the rank of Brig on 31.05.2023 and re-fix the pay in most beneficial manner, and/or*
- (c) *Direct the respondents to make payment of due arrears after re-fixing of pay with effect from the date of re-fixation with interest @12% P.A.*
- (d) *Pass any other order as this Hon'ble Tribunal may deem fit and proper in the facts and circumstances of the case mentioned above.”*

2. The applicant was commissioned in the Indian Army on 07.06.1997 after having been found fit in all respects and was promoted to the rank of Brig on 31.05.2023 and the same was published vide Headquarters 33 Mountain Brigadier Part II Order No.0001/2024 dated 03.01.2024. The applicant submits that though he had opted for fixation of his pay in a most beneficial manner and the occurrence was published by Headquarter 33 Mountain Brigade Part II Order No.0070/2024 dated 23.07.2024 but his pay was not fixed as per the 7th CPC.

3. The applicant further submits that he had submitted Letter No.56949/VR/DO dated 26.07.2024 for correct fixation of pay on promotion from the date of next increment in the lower rank but the respondents rejected the same vide impugned letter No. LW/08/56/187693L dated 22.08.2024 stating vide para 3 of the same to the effect:

“Further, you have published Part-II Order No.044 dated 13.05.2024 for OPTFXDNI and same has been rejected because as per the Government Order, option should be

exercised within 90 days from the date of promotion order dated 02.01.2024. You were promoted to the rank of Brigadier wef 31.05.2023 vide Indian Army MS(X) letter No. A/47312/II/Subs rk/MS(X) dated 02.01.2024 and had exercised option on 13.05.2024 vide ibid Part-II Order dated 13.05.2024 which is not within the stipulated time frame and hence, not acceptable in audit. Accordingly, option cannot be accepted at this belated stage in compliance with the extant order. Time Bar sanction is also not applicable in this case."

4. We have examined numerous cases pertaining to the incorrect pay fixation in 6th CPC in respect of Officers/JCOs/ORs merely on the grounds of option not being exercised in the stipulated time or applicants not exercising the option at all, and have issued orders that in all these cases the petitioners' pay is to be re-fixed with the most beneficial option as stipulated in Para 12 of the SAI 2/S/2008 dated 11.10.2008. The matter of incorrect pay-fixation and providing the most beneficial option in the case of JCOs/ORs has been exhaustively examined in the case of Sub

M.L. Shrivastava and Ors Vs. Union of India [O.A No.1182 of 2018] decided on 03.09.2021.

5. Furthermore, it is essential to observe that the order dated 03.09.2021 in OA 1182/2018 in case of *Sub Mahendra Lal Shrivastava(Retd) v Union of India & Ors.* and two other connected matters in OA 1314/2018 in *Sub Sattaru Lakshmana Rao v Union of India & Ors.* and OA 892/2019 in *Sub(TIFC) Jaya Prakash v Union of India & Ors.* has been upheld by the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi vide judgment dated 05.05.2025 in WP(C) 5880/2025 in *UOI & Ors. vs. Sub Mahendra Lal Shrivastava(Retd)* with observations in Para-24 and 25 thereof to the effect:-

"24. There are various reasons why, in our view, this writ petition cannot succeed:

(i) Firstly, the writ petition has been preferred more than 3½ years after the passing of the impugned judgment, without even a whisper of justification for the delay.

(ii) The writ petition is, therefore, liable to be rejected even on delay and laches. Nonetheless, as the issue is recurring in nature, we have examined it on merits.

(iii) It appears that the earlier decision of the AFT in Sub Chittar Singh has never been challenged by the petitioner. It is well settled that the UOI cannot adopt a pick and choose policy, and leave one decision unchallenged, while challenging a later decision on the same issue. Moreover, we find that the AFT, in the impugned order, has placed reliance on the decision in Sub Chittar Singh which, as we note, remains unchallenged.

(iv) Even on merits, there is no substance in the present petition. The reasoning of the AFT is unexceptionable. Though para 8 of the SAI required persons to exercise the option regarding the manner in which they were to be extended the benefit of the revised pay scales within three months of the SAI, which was issued on 11 October 2008, it was extended twice. It was first extended by letter dated 21 December 2010 till 31 March 2011. Subsequently, by letter dated 11 December 2013, it was directed that applications for change of option received till 30 June 2011 would be processed. Though it is correct that the respondents did not exercise their option within that period, it is also clear that each of the respondents had exercised their option prior to 30 December 2013. (v) Moreover, we are also in agreement with the AFT's reliance on clause 14(b)(iv) of the SAI, which mandated that, if no option was exercised by the individual, the PAO would regulate the fixation of pay of the individual on promotion to ensure that he would be extended the more beneficial of the two options, i.e., of either of re-fixation

of pay with effect from 1 January 2006 or w.e.f. the date of his next promotion.

(vi) We are in agreement with the AFT that, given the fact that the instruction was pertaining to officers in the army, and was inherently beneficial in nature, it has to be accorded an expansive interpretation. The AFT has correctly noted that the very purpose of granting extension of time for exercise of option was to cater to situations in which the officers concerned who in many cases, such as the cases before us, were not of very high ranks, would not have been aware of the date from which they were required to exercise their option and therefore may have either exercised their option belatedly or failed to exercise their option. It was, obviously, to ensure that an equitable dispensation of the recommendations of the 6th CPC that clause 14(b)(iv) place the responsibility on the PAO(OR) to ensure that the officers were given the more beneficial of the options available to them.

(vii) There is no dispute about the fact that, by re-fixing the pay of the respondents w.e.f. 1 January 2006 instead of the date from which they were promoted to the next grade between 1 January 2006 and 11 October 2008, the respondents suffered financial detriment. They, therefore, were not extended the most beneficial of the two options of pay of fixation available to them, as was required by clause 14(b)(iv) of the SAI.

25. We, therefore, are in complete agreement with the impugned judgment of

the AFT and see no cause to interfere therein."

6. Similarly, in the matter of incorrect pay fixation in the 7th CPC, the issue has been exhaustively examined in Sub Ramjeevan Kumar Singh Vs. Union of India [O.A. No.2000/2021] decided on 27.09.2021. Relevant portions are extracted below:

"12. Notwithstanding the absence of the option clause in 7th CPC, this Bench has repeatedly held that a soldier cannot be drawing less pay than his junior, or be placed in a pay scale/band which does not offer the most beneficial pay scale, for the only reason that the soldier did not exercise the required option for pay fixation, or exercised it late. We have no hesitation in concluding that even under the 7th CPC, it remains the responsibility of the Respondents; in particular the PAO (OR), to ensure that a soldier's pay is fixed in the most beneficial manner.

13. In view of the foregoing, we allow the OA and direct the Respondents to:-

(a) Take necessary action to amend the Extraordinary Gazette Notification NO SRO 9E dated 03.05.2017 and include a suitable 'most beneficial' option clause, similar to the 6th CPC. A Report to be submitted within three months of this order.

(b) Review the pay fixed of the applicant on his promotion to Naib Subedar in the 7th CPC, and after due verification re-fix his pay in a manner that is most beneficial to the applicant, while ensuring that he does not draw less pay than his juniors.

(c) Issue all arrears within three months of this order and submit a compliance report.

(d) Issue all arrears within three months of this order and submit a compliance report."

7. In respect of officers, the cases pertaining to pay-anomaly have also been examined in detail by the Tribunal in the case of *Lt Col Karan Dusad Vs. Union of India and others [O.A. No.868 of 2020 and connected matters]* decided on 05.08.2022. In that case, we have directed CGDA/CDA(O) to issue necessary instructions to review pay- fixation of all officers of all the three Services, whose pay has been fixed on 01.01.2006 in 6th CPC and provide them the most beneficial option. Relevant extracts are given below:

"102 (a) to (j) xxx

(k) The pay fixation of all the officers, of all the three Services (Army, Navy and Air Force), whose pay has been fixed as on 01.01.2006 merely because they did not exercise an option/ exercised it after the stipulated time be reviewed by CGDA/ CDA(O), and the benefit of the most beneficial option be extended to these officers, with all consequential benefits, including to those who have retired. The CGDA to issue necessary instructions for the review and implementation.

Directions

"103. xxx

104. We, however, direct the CGDA/CDA(O) to review and verify the pay fixation of all those officers, of all the three Services (Army, Navy and Air Force), whose pay has been fixed as on 01.01.2006, including those who have retired, and re-fix their pay with the most beneficial option, with all consequential benefits, including re-fixing of their pay in the 7th CPC and pension wherever applicable. The CGDA to issue necessary instructions for this review and its implementation. Respondents are directed to complete this review and file a detailed compliance report within four months of this order."

8. In view of the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Civil Appeal 1943/2022 in *Lt Col Suprita Chandel vs. UOI & Ors.* whereby vide Paras-14 and 15 thereof, it has been observed to the effect:-

"14. It is a well settled principle of law that where a citizen aggrieved by an action of the government department has approached the court and obtained a declaration of law in his/her favour, others similarly situated ought to be extended the benefit without the need for them to go to court. [See Amrit Lal Berry vs. Collector of Central Excise, New Delhi and Others, (1975) 4 SCC 714]

15. In K.I. Shephard and Others vs. Union of India and Others, (1987) 4 SCC 431, this Court while reinforcing the above principle held as under:-

"19. The writ petitions and the appeals must succeed. We set aside the impugned judgments of the Single Judge and Division Bench of the Kerala High Court and direct that each of the three transferee banks should take over the excluded employees on the same terms and conditions of employment under the respective banking companies prior to amalgamation. The employees would be entitled to the benefit of continuity of service for all purposes including salary and perks throughout the period. We leave it open to the transferee banks to take such action as they consider proper against these employees in accordance with law. Some of the excluded employees have not come to court. There is no justification to penalise them for not having litigated. They too shall be entitled to the same benefits as the petitioners."

(Emphasis Supplied)",

all persons aggrieved similarly situated may not litigate on the same issue and would be entitled to the grant of the benefits of which have already been extended to others similarly situated .

9. Vide orders of this Tribunal in *Sub M.L Shrivastava and others Vs Union of India and others* (O.A No. 1182 of 2018

decided on 03.09.2021) which has been upheld by Hon'ble High Court of Delhi vide judgment dated 05.05.2025 in WP (C) 5880/2025 in *Union of India and others* versus *Sub Mahendra Lal Shrivastava Retd* vide observations in Paras 24 and 25 thereof which have been reproduced in para 5 hereinabove. It is apparent that the mere non exercise of the beneficial option by the applicant or non exercise thereof within the stipulated period of time cannot be a ground to dis-entitle the applicant of the most beneficial option for implementation of the 7th CPC recommendations and the fixation of the pay and the pension of the applicant, merely because the promotion of the applicant had not taken place in the period of transition from the 6th CPC to the 7th CPC.


10. In the light of the above considerations, the OA 3150/2025 is allowed and we direct the respondents to:

(a) Review the pay fixation of the applicant on his promotion to the rank of Brig on 31.05.2023 in the 7th CPC and after due

verification re-fix his pay in a manner that is most beneficial to the applicant.

(b) To pay the arrears within three months of this order.

11. No order as to costs.


(JUSTICE ANU MALHOTRA)
MEMBER(J)


(REAR ADMIRAL DHIREN WIG)
MEMBER (A)

/Chanana/

COURT No.2
ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL
PRINCIPAL BENCH: NEW DELHI

FOR DIRECTIONS

C.

OA 3150/2025 with MA 4642/2025

Brig Vishal Ranjan, SM

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Union of India and Ors.

..... Respondents

For Applicant : Mr. Sukhbir Singh, Advocate
For Respondents : Mr. Arvind Kumar, Advocate

CORAM

HON'BLE MS. JUSTICE ANU MALHOTRA, MEMBER (J)
HON'BLE REAR ADMIRAL DHIREN VIG, MEMBER (A)

ORDER

26.02.2026

The OA 3150/2025 was disposed of vide order dated 16.10.2025 and has been put up in view of the factum that whilst considering the case in OA 561/2026 with MA 695/2026 listed at serial no. 5 in the cause list of 18.02.2026 before Court no. 2, it was observed that Annexure A-6 placed on record was a copy of the order dated 16.10.2025 in the present case i.e. OA 3150/2025 with MA 4642/2025 and on the first page and page 13 of the said order dated 16.10.2025 the name of the Hon'ble Member (A) has been inadvertently typed and that there is a typographical error. The said typographical error has thus been rectified in open Court under signatures of both the Members of the Bench both on page 01 of the order dated 16.10.2025 as well as on page 13 thereof.

2. The said correction has been made accordingly.

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(JUSTICE ANU MALHOTRA)
MEMBER (J)

(REAR ADMIRAL DHIREN VIG)
MEMBER (A)